

Cleaning Guide

Easy Care

Wool is antistatic and does not attract dirt like other fabrics. It is also water-repellant, so spillages are slow to penetrate the fabric. To maintain the appearance of the fabric, we recommend gentle vacuuming, preferably every week, with a soft nozzle.

Stain Removal

Always remove stains as quickly as possible

Most stains and dirt can be removed using an ordinary pH-neutral detergent diluted in lukewarm water at normal strengths (follow pack instructions)

- First, soak up as much of the liquid as possible with a soft white cloth.
- If the stain has dried on, remove as much residue as possible with a vacuum.
- Rub carefully with a soft white cloth; do not use abrasive cloths.
- Press the fabric with a dry, soft white cloth or kitchen roll every time water is added to soak up moisture and dirt.
- Use clean water without any detergent for the final clean.

(The area may appear darker than the surrounding fabric after being cleaned with water, but should become less noticeable over time)

Biro and felt pen	Clean with methylated spirits. If this doesn't help, use a cloth moistened with acetone, turpentine, or benzene. Then wash with a pH-neutral detergent* diluted in lukewarm water.
Blood	Wash off with cold water, to which nothing has been added. If this does not work, use a pH-neutral detergent* diluted in lukewarm water.
Candle wax	Cool with ice cubes in a plastic bag, break up the wax, and carefully remove the loose pieces. If necessary, use a hot iron on top of white absorbent paper. If this does not help, use a cloth moistened with acetone, turpentine, or benzene. Then wash with a pH-neutral detergent* diluted in lukewarm water.
Chewing gum	Cool with ice cubes in a plastic bag and carefully remove the loose pieces. If this does not help, use a cloth moistened with acetone, turpentine, or benzene. Then wash with a pH-neutral detergent* diluted in lukewarm water.
Foodstuffs	Wash with a pH-neutral detergent* diluted in lukewarm water.
Lipstick / Shoe & Furniture polish	Clean with a cloth moistened with acetone, turpentine, or benzene. Then wash with a pH-neutral detergent* diluted in lukewarm water.
Nail Varnish	Dab with nail varnish remover. If this does not help, use a cloth moistened with acetone, turpentine, or benzene. Then wash with a pH-neutral detergent* diluted in lukewarm water.
Paint	For oil-based paint, use a cloth moistened with acetone, turpentine, or benzene. Then wash with a pH-neutral detergent* diluted in lukewarm water (up to five times normal strength). For water-based paint, wash off with cold water.

^{*}Follow the on-pack instructions.

Warning!

Acetone, turpentine, benzene, etc., can dissolve the foam used for padding. Such substances should only be used in very small quantities on the surface of the fabric. (always test stain removers in an inconspicuous area first)

These are our recommendations based on our knowledge and expertise in the use of wool fabrics in upholstery. However, should you have any concerns or more stubborn complications, it would be advisable to seek professional advice.

